

BOP Grievance Guide: A Guide to Administrative Remedy Requests at Federal Prisons

Based on P.S. 1330.18

Following all the steps helps to protect your legal rights.

You must finish all administrative steps before suing about prison conditions under federal law.

If you stop before completing the entire process, for any reason, a court may say that you have not "exhausted" your administrative remedies and dismiss your case. There are strict time limits you must follow in order to complete the grievance process.

This Guide was created by the D.C. Prisoners' Project of the Washington Lawyers' Committee for Civil Rights and Urban Affairs. It was last updated in July 2018. It is based on BOP Program Statement 1330.18 published January 6, 2014.

It is not an official document of the Bureau of Prisons.

It does not replace the advice of an attorney. It is not legal advice and does not create an attorney client relationship. You are responsible for meeting all necessary deadlines and requirements.

This guide will help you with the Administrative Remedy Request process.

You must finish all administrative steps before suing about prison conditions under federal law. This is because of the Prison Litigation Reform Act (PLRA).

If you stop before completing the entire process, for any reason, the court may say that you have not "exhausted" your administrative remedies and dismiss your case. There are strict time limits you must follow in order to complete the grievance process.

It also creates a paper trail and shows you tried to resolve the problem. It might even work.

General Tips

- The full regulation is in P.S. 1330.18. You can read it in your law library.
- Use one grievance form for each complaint, instead of writing about multiple unrelated issues on one form.
- Describe the problem in as much detail as possible. If you run out of room, you can attach ONE extra letter-size page.
- Make at least three copies of each of your grievances. You can write out the copies by hand.
- If you miss the deadline to file a grievance, file it anyway. Explain in the grievance why you are late.
- For situations in which filing a grievance with the staff at the prison would put you in danger, you can skip Step I, the informal complaint, and send your BP-9 form straight to the Regional Director. You should write "Sensitive" on the grievance and explain why filing the grievance with staff at the prison would put you in danger.
- Keep copies of any documents you include with your grievance you will not get them back.
- Include copies of prior grievances and responses as you move through each step (e.g., when filing a BP-10, you must include a copy of your BP-9 and the Warden's response).

Sample Language

Review the sample language below to get an idea of how to write your own grievance. A good grievance is one that specifies why you are making the request and states exactly what you want. We have provided a good example and a bad example of two common situations.

Medical care situation:

- Bad example: "I want an x-ray done on my knee."
- Good example: "I have had sharp pain in my knee for the last 3 weeks. I would like to get an x-ray done as soon as possible to get a diagnosis of my issue. If an x-ray is not appropriate, I would like to know why not and I would like appropriate treatment."

Assault situation:

- Bad example: "I want to be moved out of my cell."
- Good example: "I was assaulted by my cellmate on March 18, 2018. We have not been separated, and I fear for my safety. I would like to be separated from him immediately."

*Note: Complaints about sexual abuse and involving disability issues have slightly different procedures. If you don't have our guides to those issues, write and ask us for a copy.

Overview of the Administrative Remedy Process

Final Appeal (BP-11)	Appeal (BP-10)	Administrative Remedy Request (BP-9)	Informal Resolution (BP-8)
File Form BP-11 with the <u>General Counsel</u>	File Form BP-10 with the <u>Regional Director</u>	/e File Form BP-9 with the Warden (use one form for each complaint)	Check with staff or your inmate handbook to learn what the informal complaint process at your prison is
• If you got a response from the Regional Director, the General Counsel must get your BP-11 within 30 days of the date on the Regional Director's signed letter if you did not get a response from the Regional Director within 30 days, the General Counsel must have your BP-11 within 30 days after the Regional Director's response deadline (60 days after you filed your BP-10).	Deadlines • If you got a response to your BP-9, then the Regional Director must have your BP-10 within 20 days of the date the Warden signed his response to your BP-9 if you did not get a response within 20 days, the Regional Director must have your BP-10 within 20 days after the Warden's response deadline (40 days after you filed your BP-9)	 Deadline You have only 20 days after the date of the incident 	 Deadline You have only 20 days after the date of the incident for both this and the next step
What next? ■ Wait 40 days. You are done.	 What next? If you are not happy with the Regional Director's response or she does not respond within 30 days, move to Level 4. 	 What next? If you are not happy with the warden's response or he does not respond within 20 days, move to Level 3. 	What next? Staff members do not have a deadline to respond. If your problem has not been fixed, move to the next step: Level 1 (BP-9). But you have only 20 days after the date of the incident to file your BP-9, so do not wait.

ADMINISTRATIVE REMEDY REQUEST WORKSHEET

I. INFORMAL RESOLUTION		
 A. Date of Incident: B. Add 20 days to date on line A: This is your deadline to file your Information C. Date you made an Information 	•	
2. BP-9: Submit the original BP-9 form with carbon copextra page, you must submit two copies to the submission at all times.	ies by the date calculated on line B. If you use an Warden. Keep at least one copy of your full	
D. What day did you file your BP-9?E. Add 20 days to the date on line D: This is when you should receive a resp respond.	onse to your BP-9. The warden has 20 days to	
If you receive a Continuance Form that extend new response deadline.	ls the Warden's deadline, update line E with the	
Did you receive a res	sponse to your BP-9?	
If yes:	If no:	
F. Date of Warden's response:	F. Date on Line E:	
G. Add 20 days to date on line F:	G. Add 20 days to date on line F:	
This is your deadline to file your BP-10.	This is your deadline to file your BP-10.	
 an extra page, you must submit three copies to your full submission at all times. You can find the submit three copies to your full submission at all times. You can find the submission at all times. You can find the submission at all times. You can find the submission at all times. H. What day did you file your BP-10? I. Add 30 days to the date on line H: 	opies by the date calculated on line G. If you use the Regional Director. Keep at least one copy of the address for your Regional Director on Page 6. ———————————————————————————————————	

Did you receive a response to your BP-10?

If yes:	If no:		
J. Date of Reg. Director's response:	J. Date on Line I:		
K. Add 30 days to date on line J:	K. Add 30 days to date on line J:		
This is your deadline to file your BP-I I. You should send it as early as possible to make sure it arrives before the deadline.	This is your deadline to file your BP-11. You should send it as early as possible to make sure it arrives before the deadline.		
4. BP-II: Submit the original BP-II with carbon copies by extra page, you must submit four copies of it to copy of your full submission at all times. You should be a submit of the copy of your full submission at all times.	o the Office of General Counsel. Keep at least one		
National Inmate Appeals Admir Office of General Counsel 320 First St., NW Washington, DC 20534	nistrator		
L. What day did you file your BP-11?M. Add 40 days to the date on line L:	onse to your BP-11. General Counsel has 40 days		

The grievance process is now complete. This means that you have finished all of the administrative steps required before suing about prison conditions under federal law.

*Note: If you are filing about a disability issue, remember that there is another administrative process to complete before you can go to court.

If you do file in court, it is good to have two copies of what you submitted at each level.

Addresses of Bureau of Prisons Regional Directors

If you are in Delaware, Kentucky, Maryland, North Carolina, Tennessee, Virginia, or West Virginia:

Regional Director

Mid-Atlantic Regional Office

302 Sentinel Drive, Suite 200

Annapolis Junction, MD 20701

If you are in Colorado, Illinois, Indiana, Iowa, Kansas, Michigan, Minnesota, Missouri, Nebraska, North Dakota, South Dakota, or Wisconsin:

Regional Director

North Central Regional Office

400 State Avenue, Suite 800

Kansas City, KS 66101

If you are in Connecticut, Maine, Massachusetts, New Hampshire, New Jersey, New York, Ohio, Pennsylvania, Rhode Island, or Vermont:

Regional Director

Northeast Regional Office

U.S. Custom House, 7th Floor

200 Chestnut Street

Philadelphia, PA 19106

If you are in Arkansas, Louisiana, New Mexico, Oklahoma, or Texas:

Regional Director

South Central Regional Office

U.S. Armed Forces Reserve Complex

344 Marine Forces Drive

Grand Prairie, TX 75051

If you are in Alabama, Florida, Georgia, Mississippi, Puerto Rico, or South Carolina:

Regional Director

Southeast Regional Office

3800 Camp Creek Parkway, S.W.

Building 2000

Atlanta, Georgia 3033 I

If you are in Alaska, Arizona, California, Hawaii, Idaho, Montana, Nevada, Oregon, Utah, Washington, or Wyoming:

Regional Director

Western Regional Office

Federal Bureau of Prisons

7338 Shoreline Drive

Stockton, CA 95219